THE CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF BURNS LAKE



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

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RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Financial Statements of the Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake (the "Village") have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgements and estimates, and the choice of accounting principles and methods that are appropriate to the Village.

The Village's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is produced.

Mayor and Council meet with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Beswick Hildebrandt Lund, Chartered Professional Accountants, independent auditors appointed by the Village. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Village's financial statements.

Susan Meeds
Director of Finance

July 14, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake (the Entity), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standard.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Comparative Information

The financial statements of the Entity for the year ended December 31, 2018 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on May 14, 2019.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Partners
Allison Beswick C

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CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Besurick Hildebrandt Lund

Chartered Professional Accountants

Prince George, British Columbia July 14, 2020

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2019



		2019		2018
Financial Assets				
Cash (note 2)	\$	2,410,430	\$	2,119,033
Investments (note 3)		6,070,706	-50	3,025,791
Accounts receivable (note 4)		1,373,945		811,384
Municipal Finance Authority deposits (note 5)				20,383
Investment in Comfor (note 6)		9,084,042	***************************************	8,921,532
		18,939,123		14,898,123
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)		478,950		518,075
Deferred revenue (note 8)		149,584		71,378
Municipal Finance Authority reserves (note 5)		-		20,383
Short term borrowing (note 10)		279,592		179,030
Long term debt (note 11)		_		27,292
		908,126		816,158
Net financial assets		18,030,997		14,081,965
Non-financial Assets				
Prepaid expenses (note 9)		16,715		220,301
Inventories of supplies		56,562		27,080
Tangible capital assets (note 12)		20,519,597		18,888,085
	7	20,592,874		19,135,466
Accumulated Surplus (note 13)	\$	38,623,871	\$	33,217,431

The accompanying notes and schedules are an integral part of these financial statements

Susan Meeds

Director of Finance

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



		2019	2019 Budget (note 20)	2018
Revenue (Schedule 1)				
Taxation	\$	1,906,886	\$ 1,906,510	\$ 1,869,394
Fees, rates and service charges		1,162,765	1,099,903	1,036,429
Government transfers		5,545,996	8,531,102	1,723,085
Investment income		200,395	129,457	88,576
Other		1,172,773	616,150	651,494
Wildfire response		-	-	193,812
Income from investment in Comfor (note 6)	_	169,598	-	940,035
	_	10,158,413	12,283,122	6,502,825
Expenditures (note 14)				
General government		698,291	762,625	648,478
Protective services		488,326	481,673	419,184
Wildfire response			-01,075	95,295
Transportation		1,238,215	1,192,523	1,058,939
Solid Waste		125,908	114,388	146,251
Planning and development		218,528	393,996	278,709
Parks, recreation and culture		1,020,471	1,102,333	952,674
Cemeteries		16,941	14,500	8,022
Water utility		464,004	504,226	458,475
Sewer utility		474,201	535,404	404,340
	_	,		,
	_	4,744,885	5,101,669	4,470,367
Annual surplus		5,413,528	7,181,453	2,032,458
Other comprehensive income from Comfor (note 6)		(7,088)	-	(348,112)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	_	33,217,431	33,217,431	31,533,085
Accumulated surplus, end of year (note 13)	\$_	38,623,871	\$ 40,398,884	\$ 33,217,431

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



		2019	2019 Budget (note 20)		2018
Annual Surplus	\$	5,413,528	\$ 7,181,453	\$, ,
Other Comprehensive Income from Comfor	-	(7,088)	-		(348,112)
	=	5,406,440	7,181,453		1,684,346
Acquisition of Tangible Capital Assets		(2,735,621)	(7,076,683)	(1,323,585)
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets		940,730	940,730		916,257
(Gain)/Loss on Disposal of Tangible Capital Assets		(191,151)	=		4,859
Proceeds from Disposal of Tangible Capital Assets	_	354,530	-		7,143
	_	(1,631,512)	(6,135,953)	(395,326)
Acquisition of Supplies Inventories		(29,482)	-		(27,080)
Acquisition of Prepaid Expense		(16,715)	-		(220,301)
Use of Prepaid Expense	_	220,301	-		6,124
	-	174,104	-		(241,257)
Change in net financial assets		3,949,032	1,045,500		1,047,763
Net Financial Assets, beginning of year	-	14,081,965	13,034,202		13,034,202
Net Financial Assets, end of year	\$_	18,030,997	\$ 14,079,702	\$	14,081,965

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



2018

2019

	2019	2018
Cash Provided by (used for):		
Operating Activities:		
Annual Surplus \$	5,413,528	\$ 2,032,458
Non-cash items included in annual surplus		
Amortization	940,730	916,257
Income from investment in Comfor	(169,598)	(940,035)
(Gain)/Loss on Disposal of Tangible Capital Assets	(191,151)	4,859
Actuarial Adjustment on Long Term Debt	(15,230)	(14,049)
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(562,561)	825,310
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(39,125)	(346,825)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	78,206	(62,592)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories of Supplies	(29,482)	(27,080)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	203,586	(214,177)
Net change in cash from operating activities	5,628,903	2,174,126
Camital Activities		
Capital Activities:	(2.725.621)	(1 222 EQE)
Acquisition of Tangible Capital Assets Proceeds on Sale of Tangible Capital Assets	(2,735,621) 354,530	(1,323,585) 7,143
Proceeds on Sale of Tangible Capital Assets		7,143
Net change in cash from capital activities	(2,381,091)	(1,316,442)
Investing Activities:		
(Purchase) disposition of investments (net)	(3,044,915)	(775,205)
Net change in cash from investing activities	(3,044,915)	(775,205)
	(0,0 : :,0 20)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Financing Activities:		
Principal payments on long term debt	(12,061)	(12,061)
Principal payments on short term borrowing	(86,700)	(241,248)
Borrowing proceeds	187,261	
Net change in cash from financing activities	88,500	(253,309)
Net change in cash	291,397	(170,830)
Cash, beginning of year	2,119,033	2,289,863
Cash, end of year \$	2,410,430	\$ 2,119,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Operations:

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake was incorporated as a municipality in 1923 and operates under the provisions of the *Local Government Act* and the *Community Charter* of British Columbia. The Village's principal activities include the provision of local government services to residents of the incorporated area. These services include administrative, protective, transportation, environmental, economic development, recreation, water and sewer.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation:

The financial statements of the Village are prepared by management in accordance with accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants. The financial statements reflect the combined results and activities of the Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake. The Village's wholly owned subsidiary, Comfor Management Services Ltd., has been reported on a modified equity basis. The statements exclude trust assets that are administered by the Corporation for the benefit of external parties. Interfund transactions and balances have been eliminated. The Village's classification of funds and the purposes of those funds are as follows:

Operating Funds	These funds report the Genera	I. Water and Sewer operations of the

Village, and are used to report the costs associated with providing Village services. They also include reserve accounts established for

general operating purposes.

Capital Funds These funds include the General, Water and Sewer capital funds, and

are used to report the acquisition, disposal, and financing of property, infrastructure and equipment. They also include reserve accounts

established for capital purposes.

Reserve Funds Under the *Community Charter* of British Columbia, Council may, by

bylaw establish reserve funds for particular purposes. Money in the reserve fund, and interest earned thereon, must be expended only for

the purpose for which the fund was established.

Trust Funds These funds have been created to hold cash assets that must be used

for specific purposes and/or beneficiaries and according to certain agreements. In accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, trust funds administered by the Village are not included in the Village's Financial Statements. Trust funds administered by the

Village are presented in Note 17.

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1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Presentation (continued)

The original budget bylaw, shown in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Financial Assets, represents the budget bylaw adopted in May 2018. Any budget amendments subsequently adopted by Council have not been included.

b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's judgement and the best information available at the time of preparation and may differ significantly from actual results. Estimates are reviewed periodically or as new information becomes available, by management, and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Items requiring the use of estimates include the collectability of accounts receivable, accrued liabilities, useful lives of tangible capital assets, rates for amortization, employee benefits and provision for contingencies.

Measurement uncertainty exists in these financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

c) Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transaction or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues occurred. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis.

Government transfers are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Contributions from other sources are deferred when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for the specific purpose. Restricted contributions that must be maintained in perpetuity are recorded as revenue when received or receivable, and are presented as non-financial assets in the statement of financial position.

Revenue related to fees or services received in advance of the fee being earned or the service is performed is deferred and recognized when the fee is earned or service performed.

Taxation revenues are recognized in the year in which they are levied.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

d) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

e) Financial Instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Village initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. The Village subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost.

Financial assets measured at cost include cash, investments, accounts receivable, and Municipal Finance Authority deposits.

Financial liabilities measured at cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, short term borrowing, and long-term debt.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of write-down is recognized in net income. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

Transaction costs

The Village recognizes its transaction costs in net income in the period incurred. However, the carrying amount of the financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value is reflected in the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance or assumption.

f) Expense Recognition:

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed and services received during the year is expensed.

g) Accumulated Surplus:

Accumulated surplus is the amount by which all financial and non-financial assets exceed all liabilities and indicates the net economic resources available to provide future services. Accumulated surplus is represented by various fund balances and equity in capital assets.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

h) Cash and Investments:

Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposits held at financial institutions, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments. Investments consist of term deposits. Interest is accrued at the invested rate.

i) Tangible Capital Assets:

Tangible capital assets have useful lives extending past the current year. They are recorded at cost, net of disposals, write-downs and amortization. Cost includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the assets. The cost, less residual value, is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, commencing the year the asset is put into service. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

LandNot amortizedBuildings15 - 50 yearsVehicles, machinery and equipment5 - 20 yearsOffice equipment and computers5 - 10 yearsOther equipment5 - 15 yearsEngineering Structures (roads and parks)10 - 75 yearsUtility systems (water, sewer, drainage)20 - 100 years

j) Investment in Government Business Enterprises

The Village records its business enterprise, Comfor Management Services Ltd. (Comfor) (note 6), using the modified equity method.

Under the modified equity method of accounting, only the Village's investment in Comfor and Comfor's net income and other changes in equity are recorded. No adjustment is made for accounting policies of Comfor that are different from those of the Village. Other comprehensive income of Comfor is presented separately from operating surplus (note 13). Inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated, except for any profit or loss on the sale between entities of assets that remain within the reporting entity. Any dividends, if any, received by the Village is reflected as a reduction in the investment asset account. As of December 31, 2019 the Village has not received any dividends from Comfor (2018 – nil).

2. Cash

	2019	2018
Cash on hand Demand deposits - unrestricted Demand deposits – statutory reserves Municipal Finance Authority Pooled High Interest Savings Municipal Finance Authority Money Market Fund	\$ 500 443,462 434,035 1,532,433	\$ 500 325,107 81,423 - 1,712,003
Total	\$ 2,410,430	\$ 2,119,033
3. Investments		
	2019	2018
Term Deposits Shares in Chinook Comfor Limited Credit Union Equity Shares Total	\$ 6,069,961 656 89 \$ 6,070,706	\$ 3,025,048 656 87 \$ 3,025,791
4. Accounts Receivable	φ σηστοήτου	
4. Accounts receivable	2019	2018
Property Taxes Utilities Other Governments Co-ordinated Works Agreement Trade and other	\$ 259,168 40,635 590,909 115,850 367,383	\$ 261,101 21,430 188,845 - 340,008
Total	\$ 1,373,945	\$ 811,384

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Village of Burns Lake entered into a mutually beneficial Co-ordinated Works Agreement to share costs of parking lot improvements with an arm's length corporate business. Under the terms of the Co-ordinated Works Agreement, upon completion of the work, the Village will invoice the corporate business for the work performed on the corporate business's share of the project. The corporate business will then commence making non-interest bearing, unsecured monthly payments of \$6,000 until the accounts receivable is paid in full. As of December 31, 2019, the work was still in progress and no amounts were invoiced or paid during the year.

5. Municipal Finance Authority Deposits

The Village issues its debt instruments through the Municipal Finance Authority of BC (MFA). As a condition of these borrowings, a portion of the debenture proceeds are withheld by the MFA as a debt reserve fund. These deposits are held by the MFA to act as security against the possibility of debt repayment default. If the debt is repaid without default, the deposits are refunded to the Village with interest and the demand notes are cancelled. The debt was repaid during the year ended December 31, 2019. The details of the cash deposits withheld from debenture proceeds at year end are as follows:

		2019		2018
MFA deposits and reserves - sewer	 \$		\$	20,383

6. Investment in Comfor

Comfor Management Services Ltd. (Comfor) is a wholly owned subsidiary whose purpose is to operate Community Forest License K1A under a Community Forest Agreement with the Province of BC. The corporation was incorporated October 5, 2001 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The registered address for the corporation is 117 Highway 16, Burns Lake, BC.

Comfor owns the shares of Burns Lake Community Forest Ltd., which holds the forest license and undertakes the timber harvesting. The original Community Forest Agreement has been replaced with an agreement commencing April 12, 2015 for a period of 25 years. All operations are conducted within the Burns Lake, BC area.

The Village accounts for its investment in this government enterprise using the modified equity method. Comfor's fiscal year end is October 31. Management uses Comfor's audited statements to record the Village's investment in Comfor. The condensed financial information of this investment for the year ending October 31, 2019 with comparative figures for October 31, 2018 are as follows:

6. Investment in Comfor (continued)

Assets:	2019	2018
Current assets	\$ 3,445,988	\$ 3,133,748
Long-term investments	9,560,402	8,291,422
Property, plant and equipment	497,975	577,368
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	13,504,365	12,002,538
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	2,350,326	2,004,738
Accrued re-forestation costs	1,157,583	1,076,267
Deferred revenue	912,413	1
	4,420,322	3,081,006
Shareholder Equity	\$ 9,084,042	\$ 8,921,532
Net income for the year	\$ 169,598	\$ 940,034
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(7,088)	(348,111)
Total net income and comprehensive income for the year	\$ 162,510	\$ 591,923
Total flet income and comprehensive income for the year	J 102,310	ر الادر ب

During 2019, the Village received a cash contribution from Comfor in the amount of \$577,005 (2018 \$412,055).

The investment in Comfor increased by \$162,510 (2018 - \$591,923) which is equal to Comfor's net income and comprehensive income for the year ended October 31, 2019.

7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	2019	2018
Trade accounts payable and accruals	\$ 282,150	\$ 307,160
Payroll and related costs	192,137	194,857
Funds held for community groups	4,663	16,058
Total	\$ 478,950	\$ 518,075

8. Deferred Revenue

	2019	2018
Regional District Funding Chinook Community Foundation startup costs Province of BC – Rural Dividend Fund Prepaid arena ice time	\$ 79,451 - 70,133 -	\$ 65,035 1,847 2,500 1,996
Total	\$ 149,584	\$ 71,378
9. Prepaid Expenses		
	2019	2018
Advance deposits on equipment purchases Advance deposits on accommodations Membership dues and conference registrations Other prepaid expenses	\$ - - 4,957 11,758	\$ 204,887 3,880 5,342 6,192
Total	\$ 16,715	\$ 220,301

10. Short Term Borrowing

	Interest Rate	Monthly Payment	Maturity Date	2019 Balance Owing		2018 Balance Owing
MFA loan, garbage truck MFA loan, rescue truck MFA loan, freon plant MFA loan, pickup truck	2.5% 1.6% 2.8% 2.8%	\$4,027 \$1,418 \$863 \$610	Dec 2021 July 2024 Dec 2021 July 2019	\$ 98,620 73,710 -	\$	143,862 - 30,825 4,343
Temporary Borrowing Bylaw 1007	2.6%	7010	July 2013	107,262	_	
Total				\$ 279,592	\$	179,030

Future principal payments on existing debt are as follows:

2020	\$ 62,714
2021	175,232
2022	16,500
2023	16,752
2024	8,394
Total	\$ 279,592

11. Long Term Debt

The Village issues debt instruments through the MFA, pursuant to security issuing bylaws, under authority of the Community Charter, to finance certain capital expenditures. The debt is issued on a sinking fund basis, whereby MFA invests the Village's principal payments so that the payments plus investment income will equal the original outstanding debt amount at the end of the repayment period. Actuarial earnings on debt represent the repayment and/or forgiveness of debt by the MFA using surplus investment income generated by the principal payments. Gross amount of debt and the repayment and actuarial earnings to retire the debt are as follows:

					Repayment	2019			
			Year of		& Acturial	Principal	2019 Net	2	2018 Net
	Bylaw	Rate	Maturity G	iross Debt	Earnings	repayments	Debt		Debt
Sewer Capital	729	2.10%	2019	363,850	(351,789)	(12,061) \$	-	\$	27,292

Scheduled debt repayments may be suspended in the event of excess sinking fund earnings within the MFA. 2018 and 2019 debt repayments consisted of principal \$12,061 and interest \$7,640.

12. Tangible Capital Assets

Cost	2018	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	2019
Land Buildings Machinery Engineered Structures Utilities Office Equipment Other Equipment	\$ 538,254 6,089,949 3,102,908 11,843,498 10,775,069 109,816 452,152	287,007 393,486 920,006 1,011,384 - 123,738	(33,448) (255,786) (129,036) (59,582) (37,607) (67,034)	405 - 184,963 - - - -	\$ 505,211 6,121,170 3,552,321 12,703,922 11,748,846 42,782 575,890
	\$ 32,911,646	2,735,621	(582,493)	185,368	\$ 35,250,142
Accumulated Amortization	2018	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	2019
Land Buildings Machinery Engineered Structures Utilities Office Equipment Other Equipment	\$ - 1,272,660 1,914,232 5,934,831 4,611,753 107,545 182,540	231,503 217,107 206,483 234,655 - 50,982	- (178,806) (129,036) (9,533) (34,300) (67,034)	- 184,963 - - - -	\$ - 1,325,357 2,187,266 6,131,781 4,812,108 40,511 233,522
	\$ 14,023,561	940,730	(418,709)	184,963	\$ 14,730,545
Net Book Value Land Buildings Machinery Engineered Structures Utilities Office Equipment Other Equipment	\$ 2018 538,254 4,817,289 1,188,676 5,908,667 6,163,316 2,271 269,612		(,,	\$ 2019 505,211 4,795,813 1,365,055 6,572,141 6,936,738 2,271 342,368
_	\$ 18,888,085	-			\$ 20,519,597

13. Accumulated Surplus

Unappropriated Surplus:	2019	2018
General Operating Fund Water Operating Fund Sewer Operating Fund	\$ 675,300 38,045 63,388	\$ 623,006 422,896 649,968
Reserve Accounts:	776,733	1,695,870
General Operating Fund General Capital Fund Water Capital Fund Sewer Capital Fund	3,011,553 815,961 603,748 632,270	2,837,205 998,708
	5,063,532	3,835,913
Statutory Reserve Funds	3,459,559	82,353
Equity in Comfor Management Services Ltd.	9,084,042	8,921,532
Equity in Tangible Capital Assets General Capital Fund Water Capital Fund Sewer Capital Fund Total Accumulated Surplus	13,410,527 4,812,138 2,017,340 20,240,005 \$ 38,623,871	12,545,738 4,263,571 1,872,454 18,681,763 \$ 33,217,431
Accumulated Surplus before other comprehensive income Accumulated Surplus from other comprehensive	\$ 38,204,694	\$ 32,791,166
income from Comfor	419,177	426,265
Total Accumulated Surplus	\$ 38,623,871	\$ 33,217,431

14. Expenditures by object:

	2019	2018
Wages, employee benefits, Council stipends Utilities (hydro, gas, telephone, internet)	\$ 1,939,707 324,110	\$ 1,896,893 310,334
Insurance	92,728	85,474
Goods and services	1,355,115	1,256,550
Loss on disposal of capital assets	92,495	4,859
Amortization of capital assets	940,730	916,257
Total expenditures	\$ 4,744,885	\$ 4,470,367

15. Pension Liability:

The Village of Burns Lake and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (a jointly trusteed pension plan). The board of trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2018, the plan has about 205,000 active members and approximately 101,000 retired members. Active members include approximately 40,000 contributors from local governments.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plan. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entryage normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plan. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2018, indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The Village of Burns Lake paid \$103,035 (2018 \$92,228) for employer contributions while employees contributed \$91,934 (2018 \$85,121) to the plan in fiscal 2019.

The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2021, with results available in 2022.

Employers participating in the plan record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plan.

16. Contingent Liabilities

The Village is responsible, as a member of the Regional District of Bulkley-Nechako, for its portion of any operating deficits of capital debt related to functions in which it participates.

The Municipal Insurance Association is a self-liability insurance plan formed by several local governments including the Village. The Village is obligated under the plan, to pay a percentage of its fellow insured's losses. The Village pays an annual premium, which is anticipated to be adequate to cover any losses incurred.

The loan agreements with the Municipal Finance Authority provide that if the Authority does not have sufficient funds to meet payments on its obligations, it shall make payment from the Debt Reserve Fund which is established by a similar Debt Reserve Fund in the municipality and all other borrowing participants. If the Debt Reserve Fund is deficient, the Authority's obligations become a liability of the Regional District and may become a liability of the participating municipalities.

17. Cemetery Care Trust Fund

The Village owns and maintains the Burns Lake Municipal Cemetery. Pursuant to provincial legislation, a Cemetery Care Trust Fund was established to ensure continuity of cemetery maintenance. A portion of all plot sales and memorial setting fees is credited to this fund. Although the fund balance is not included in the financial statements, all investment earnings during the year are transferred into general revenue as permitted by law.

	2019	2018
Assets		
Bank Account	\$ 2,213	\$ 1,185
Short term investments	40,568	39,068
Fund Balance	\$ 42,781	\$ 40,253
Operations		
Contributions	\$ 1,669	\$ 505
Interest income	859	711
Transfers to general operating fund	-	
Change in fund balance	\$ 2,528	\$ 1,216

The Cemetery Care Trust Fund is not included in the financial statements.

18. Segmented information:

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed. The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows, and quantitative data on these segments can be found in Note 19.

General Government: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with legislative, administrative, finance, information technology and municipal building services.

Protective Services: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with fire protection, bylaw enforcement, animal control, victim services and building inspection services.

Transportation: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with the public works yard, drainage, streets and sidewalks.

Solid Waste: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with garbage collection.

Planning and Development: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with planning and zoning, economic development and tourism services.

Parks, recreation and culture: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with the recreation complex, parks and playgrounds, recreation programs and cultural facilities.

Cemeteries: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with interments and maintenance at the Burns Lake Municipal Cemetery.

Water: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with providing water services.

Sewer: This segment includes the revenue and expenses associated with providing sewer services.

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

19. Segmented Disclosure

	General	Protective		Solid	Planning &	Parks, Rec					
	Government	Services	Transportation	Waste	Development	and Culture	Cemeteries	Water	Sewer	2019	2018
Revenue											
Taxation	1,669,013	1	1	•	•	1		139,796	98,077	\$ 1,906,886	\$ 1,869,394
Fees, rates and service charges	34,525	71,273	340	114,825	2,622	223,046	13,867	352,527	349,740	1,162,765	1,036,429
Government transfers	4,223,730	197,875	1	1	203,237	245,998		675,156	•	5,545,996	1,723,085
Investment income	180,333	1	1	•	•	1		7,908	12,154	200,395	88,576
Gain on disposal of assets	•	•	283,647	•	•	1	•	1	•	283,647	1
Other	587,193	6,880	251	1	940	32,976	,	56,081	204,805	889,126	651,494
Wildfire response	•	•	•	•	•	•		1	•	•	193,812
Comfor Income	169,598	1	1	•	•			1	•	169,598	940,035
	6,864,392	276,028	284,238	114,825	206,799	502,020	13,867	1,231,468	664,776	10,158,413	6,502,825
Expenditures											
Wages and benefits	468,959	179,473	481,956	49,465	65,487	444,811	806'6	138,368	101,280	1,939,707	1,896,893
Utilities	26,347	13,019	92,287	1	1	120,085		35,799	36,573	324,110	310,334
Insurance	40,313	17,642	30,375	2,398	•	2,000			•	92,728	85,474
Goods and services	122,644	193,118	252,390	20,373	153,041	218,293	7,033	148,222	240,001	1,355,115	1,256,550
Loss on disposal of assets	21,218	1	61,227	•	•	6,743		3,307	•	92,495	4,859
Amortization of capital assets	18,810	85,074	319,980	53,672	•	228,539	•	138,308	96,347	940,730	916,257
	698,291	488,326	1,238,215	125,908	218,528	1,020,471	16,941	464,004	474,201	4,744,885	4,470,367
Net revenue (expenditure)	\$ 6,166,101	(212,298)	(953,977)	(11,083)	(11,729)	(518,451)	(3,074)	767,464	190,575	190,575 \$ 5,413,528 \$ 2,032,458	\$ 2,032,458

20. Compliance with legislative financial plan requirements

In accordance with legislative requirements, the Financial Plan, adopted by Council on May 14, 2019, was prepared on a modified accrual basis. These financial statements, in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, were prepared on a full accrual basis. The following reconciles the approved Financial Plan to the budget amounts reported in these consolidated Financial Statements.

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
Annual surplus per Consolidated Statement of Operations Other Comprehensive Income from Comfor	\$ 5,413,528 \$ (7,088)	7,181,453 \$ -	2,032,458 (348,112)
Less: Capital expenditures	(2,735,622)	(7,076,683)	(1,323,585)
Debt principal payments	(98,761)	(101,246)	(253,309)
Contributions to reserves/surplus	(5,889,244)	(4,770,992)	(1,350,777)
Actuarial adjustment to long term debt	(15,230)	-	(14,049)
Net change in equity in Comfor Management Services	(162,510)	-	(591,923)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(191,151)		
Add: Transfers from surplus and reserves	2,203,557	2,466,578	921,037
Borrowing proceeds	187,261	1,360,160	-
Amortization	940,730	940,730	916,257
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	354,530	-	7,143
Loss on disposal of capital assets		-	4,859
Balanced financial plan/operations		-	

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Schedule 1 - Revenues For the year ended December 31, 2019



		2019	2019 Budget	2018
Taxation				
Real Property Taxes - Municipal Frontage Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes 1% Utility Taxes	\$	1,427,820 237,873 38,176 173,328	\$ 1,427,820 237,872 36,000 173,226	\$ 1,400,997 237,873 43,855 155,816
Grants in Lieu of Taxes	=	29,689	31,592	30,853
Total municipal tax revenue		1,906,886	1,906,510	1,869,394
Taxes levied on behalf of other taxing authorities	-	1,283,259	1,257,991	1,092,985
Total taxes levied	_	3,190,145	3,164,501	2,962,379
Less: levies remitted to other taxing authorities				
Province of BC - School Taxes Province of BC - Police Taxes Regional District Bulkley Nechako Regional Hospital District BC Assessment Authority Municipal Finance Authority	-	514,678 79,955 429,337 250,822 8,431 36	507,315 78,477 417,632 246,243 8,288 36	506,174 77,847 386,962 111,638 10,330 34 1,092,985
	\$ ₌	1,906,886	\$ 1,906,510	\$ 1,869,394
Fees, rates and service charges				
Solid Waste - Refuse Collection and Bin Sales Cemeteries - Burials and Plot Sales Permits and Licenses Fire Protection Service Agreements Lakeside Multiplex Water Sewer Other	\$	114,825 13,867 64,247 37,689 223,046 352,526 349,740 6,825	\$ 120,527 8,000 34,300 31,000 204,889 352,903 339,284 9,000	\$ 121,536 7,425 50,219 38,766 201,334 283,777 302,792 30,580
	\$ <u>_</u>	1,162,765	\$ 1,099,903	\$ 1,036,429

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Schedule 1 - Revenues (continued) For the year ended December 31, 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
Government Transfers:				
Government of Canada				
Canada Summer Jobs Program	\$	-	\$ 6,000	\$ 3,038
Province of BC				
Northern Capital and Planning Grant		3,439,000	3,439,000	-
Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program		526,839	3,519,840	
Clean Water and Wastewater Fund				342,227
Small Community Grant		496,516	477,000	476,954
Victim Services		48,452	46,923	51,228
BC Rural Dividend Fund		42,367	110,000	69,375
Infrastructure Planning Grant		-	-	1,088
Climate Action Revenue Incentive Program		10,220	9,000	9,087
Regional District				
Arena		240,471	240,471	282,500
Fire Protection		96,634	96,651	109,382
Visitor Information Centre		47,144	47,044	56,144
Economic Development		52,686	73,000	53,267
Emergency Services		-	-	2,873
Victim Services		15,073	15,675	14,273
Union of BC Municipalities				
Gas Tax Community Works Fund		274,787	289,778	144,778
Asset Management Planning Program		3,207	6,795	-
Strategic Wildfire Prevention		10,775	-	-
Community Resiliency Investment Program		1,941	-	-
Community Emergency Preparedness Fund		25,000	25,000	-
Other				
Miscellaneous recreation grants		-	-	16,121
Nechako Kitimat Development Fund		3,480	20,000	17,520
Northern Development Initiative Trust		57,560	71,200	61,200
Federation of Canadian Muncipalities - Asset Management		-	33,725	-
Lake Babine Nation		148,317	-	-
Insurance Corporation of BC - Street sign and pavement marking		-	-	4,616
Tree Canada		-	-	4,200
Canadian Parks and Recreation Green Jobs Initiative	-	5,527	4,000	3,214
	\$	5,545,996	\$ 8,531,102	\$ 1,723,085

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Schedule 1 - Revenues (continued) For the year ended December 31, 2019

		2019	2019 Budget		2018
Investment Income					
Interest	\$ =	200,395	\$ 129,457	\$	88,576
Other Income:					
Contribution from Comfor (note 6)	\$	577,005	577,000	\$	412,055
Rental Income	,	41,588	38,400	,	38,593
Donations		244,335	, -		21,991
Insurance recovery		-	-		160,723
Other		10,967	750		3,153
Gain on disposal of assets		283,647	=		930
Actuarial adjustment on long term debt	_	15,231	-		14,049
	\$_	1,172,773	\$ 616,150	\$	651,494
Wildfire Response:					
BC Wildfire Service	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	193,812
Comfor Income:					
Income from investment in Comfor (note 6)	\$_	169,598	\$ -	\$	940,035



The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Schedule 2 - Statement of Financial Position - by Fund As at December 31, 2019

	General Operating	Water Operating	Sewer Operating	General Capital	Water Capital	Sewer Capital	Reserve		Consolidated	Consolidated
Financial Assets	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Comtor	6107	8107
Cash	\$ 1,976,395	•	•	•	•	•	434,035	'	\$ 2,410,430	\$ 2,119,033
Investments	9070,009	•	1	•	•	1	•	•	6,070,706	3,025,791
Accounts receivable	795,799	25,065	1	•	553,081	1	•	•	1,373,945	811,384
Municipal Finance Authority deposits	•	•	ı	•	•	i	•	•	1	20,383
Investment in Comfor	•		1	•	1	1	•	9,084,042	9,084,042	8,921,532
Due from (to) other funds	(4,600,790)	12,980	63,388	815,961	20,667	632,270	3,025,524			1
	4,242,110	38,045	63,388	815,961	603,748	632,270	3,459,559	9,084,042	18,939,123	14,898,123
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	478,950	1	1	1	•	1	1	ı	478,950	518,075
Deferred revenue	149,584	•	ı	•		1	•	•	149,584	71,378
Municipal Finance Authority reserves	•		1	•	1	ı	•		•	20,383
Short term borrowing	•	•	i	172,330	107,262	i	•	1	279,592	179,030
Long term debt			1		•	1		1	•	27,292
	628,534	•	1	172,330	107,262			1	908,126	816,158
Net financial assets	3,613,576	38,045	63,388	643,631	496,486	632,270	3,459,559	9,084,042	18,030,997	14,081,965
Non-financial Assets	ı		ı	•		,	•	1	•	
Prepaid expenses	16,715	•	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	16,715	220,301
Inventories of supplies	26,562								56,562	27,080
Tangible capital assets				13,582,857	4,919,400	2,017,340		-	20,519,597	18,888,085
	73,277	1	1	13,582,857	4,919,400	2,017,340	1	1	20,592,874	19,135,466
Accumulated Surplus	\$ 3,686,853	38,045	63,388	14,226,488	5,415,886	2,649,610	3,459,559	9,084,042 \$	38,623,871	\$ 33,217,431
Represented by:	000 353	20.00	000 00					•	667 377	¢ 1 60E 070
Surplus	000,000	00,000	00,00	- 0	- 1000			,	L	
Reserve accounts	5,011,553	•	1	815,901	603,748	032,270	- 014 6		2,003,532	5,835,913
Reserve lunds	•	•	ı	•		ı	5,459,559	00000	5,459,559	62,333
Equity in Common Equity in tangible capital assets				13,410,527	4,812,138	2,017,340			20,240,005	18,681,763
	\$ 3,686,853	38,045	63,388	14,226,488	5,415,886	2,649,610	3,459,559	9,084,042	\$ 38,623,871	\$ 33,217,431



The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Schedule 3 - Statement of Operations - by Fund As at December 31, 2019

	General Operating	Water Operating	Sewer Operating	General Capital	Water Capital	Sewer Capital	Reserve		Consolidated	Consolidated
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Comfor	2019	2018
Revenue										
Taxation	1,669,013	139,796	98,077	1	•	•	1	1	1,906,886	\$ 1,869,394
Fees, rates and service charges	460,498	352,527	349,740	1	ı	1	1	1	1,162,765	1,036,429
Government transfers	4,845,840	ı	•	25,000	675,156	1	1	1	5,545,996	1,723,085
Investment income	123,775	7,908	12,154	ı	İ	1	56,558	1	200,395	88,576
Other	627,303	1	8,445	284,583	56,081	196,361	1	1	1,172,773	651,494
Wildfire response		1	ı	,	i	1	1	ı	1	193,812
Income from investment in Comfor (note 6)	1	1	•	•	i	•	•	169,598	169,598	940,035
	7,726,429	500,231	468,416	309,583	731,237	196,361	56,558	169,598	10,158,413	6,502,825
Expenditures:										
General government	658,263	1	1	40,028	1	1	1	1	698,291	648,478
Protective services	403,252	1	•	85,074	•	•	1	1	488,326	419,184
Wildfire response	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	95,295
Transportation	857,008	ı	1	381,207	ı	1	1	1	1,238,215	1,058,939
Solid Waste	72,237	ı	1	53,671	ı	1	1	1	125,908	146,251
Planning and development	218,528	1	1	1	i	1	1	1	218,528	278,709
Parks, recreation and culture	785,189	ı	1	235,282	i	1	1	1	1,020,471	952,674
Cemeteries	16,941	ı	1	ı	i	1	1	1	16,941	8,022
Water utility	1	322,389	1	ı	141,615	ı	ı	1	464,004	458,475
Sewer utility	ı		377,854	•		96,347	1	•	474,201	404,340
	3,011,418	322,389	377,854	795,262	141,615	96,347	•	1	4,744,885	4,470,367
T	4,715,011	177,842	90,562	(485,679)	589,622	100,014	56,558	169,598	5,413,528	2,032,458
ransters: Transfer (to) from other funds	(4,488,369)	(562,693)	(677,142)	1,167,721	562,693	677,142	3,320,648	1	ı	1
Change in Surplus Balances	226,642	(384,851)	(586,580)	682,042	1,152,315	777,156	3,377,206	169,598	5,413,528	2,032,458
Other comprehensive income from Comfor	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(7,088)	(7,088)	(348,112)
Surplus, beginning of year	3,460,211	422,896	649,968	13,544,446	4,263,571	1,872,454	82,353	8,921,532	33,217,431	31,533,085
Surplus, end of year	3,686,853	38,045	63,388	14,226,488	5,415,886	2,649,610	3,459,559	9,084,042	\$ 38,623,871	\$ 33,217,431

The Corporation of the Village of Burns Lake Schedule 4 - Northern Capital and Planning Grant Reserve Fund For the year ended December 31, 2019



Northern Capital and Planning funding is provided by the Province of British Columbia. The Northern Capital and Planning funding may be used towards infrastructure and eligible projects including engineering, infrastructure planning, pipes, wells, treatment facilities, buildings, roads, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and other associated capital that are owned and controlled by the Village. This can also include the cost of land associated with developing the above capital investment.

		2019		2	2018	
Openii	ng Balance	\$	-	\$	-	
Add:	Contribution from Province of British Columbia Interest earned	3,	439,000 48,232		-	
		3,	487,232			
Less:	Paved road resurfacing Public parking lot improvements Design and construct a splash park		400,000 121,922 2,599		- - -	
			524,521			
Closing Balance		\$ <u>2</u> ,	962,711	\$		